

Intimations

NOTICE.
SWATOW, AMOY, AND POOHOE
E Steamship
"DOUGLAS"
Burnie, will be despatched for the ab
TO-MORROW the 25th instanc
or Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS, LAFLAIR & Co
1115 1/2 Hongkong, 22nd July, 1874.
NOTICE.
COMPAGNIE DES MESSEAGERIES
MARITIMES
PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS
E Company's Steamship
"MENZALEH"
Despatched to
YOKOHAMA and WOOSUNG
hours after the arrival of the "SIND
or Freight or Passage, apply to
C. BEETRAND,
Principal Ag
5 Hongkong, 24th July, 1874.
FOR SALE.
To Close Consignments.
M. CHILLINGWORTH & SON'S CO
PORT and SHERRY, in Bottles
D. Serrano, and Henry Ritchie's PO
Riesey, Jito.
Superior Breakfast ULRALT:
as Muen & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE,

[illegible]

FOR SALE.

	<i>Inches.</i>	<i>Fust.</i>	<i>Tr.</i>
SALE TUBES.....	3 1/2	14	0
	3 1/2	16	0
	3 1/2	18	0
	3 1/2	20	0

GILMAN & CO.

1144 Hongkong, 22nd July, 1874.

NOTICE.

E. Gentleman has received from the Superintendent the copy of the Hon. Ordinances belonging to the Gaol, in order to return the same to the Gaol Officer.

1137 Hongkong, 21st July, 1874.

WONGKONG, DANTON, AND MACAEO
SAMPOA COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE DIVIDEND at the rate of 16 1/2 per centum, on \$4 per share, declared at a Special Unofficial Meeting of Shareholders, this day, will be payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on the 29th inst.

holders are requested to apply to
of the Company for Warrants.
by order of the Board of Directors,
AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO
1130 Hongkong, 18th July, 1874.

ICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY OF LONDON
I intend BRECHING an ICE MAK-
BURY in this Colony in the course
of the present season, and I have
contracted at an early date; Guarantee to
deliver clear crystals ICE at reduced pri-
ces, but particular will appear in due
time.
1131 Hongkong, 17th July, 1874.

NOTICE
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE
OF THE FORTUNE SHIP "Macedonia"
responsible for any debts contracted by
me and crew of the said vessel.
11041 Hongkong, 2nd July, 1874.

NOTICE
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE
OF THE FORTUNE SHIP "Emigrate".

responsible for any debts contracted by
himself and crew of the said vessel.
1842 Hongkong, 2nd July, 1874.

NOTICE.

ALL Parties having Claims against
the late firm of PAUL EHLERS &
EHLERS & Co., of Hongkong and
London, are requested to submit
them to the undersigned, at the
earliest opportunity, and not
later than the 1st of August, 1874,
or their Claims will not be
admitted.

PAUL EHLERS,
by his Attorney
J. P. LEWIS
1085 Hongkong, 10th July, 1874.

NOTICE TO Consignees.

BRITISH SHIP TAPSCOTT, FROM
LONDON.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cargo by the said

[illegible]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the following Cargo requested to send their Bill of Lading, underwritten for countertransit, for immediate delivery; this Cargo has been and stored at their risk and expense. Fire Insurance has been effected.

O. REID, and
Princinal Agent

Bo "Pat-hu," 14th June, 1874.	1 bag Rice.
"Do "Dawan," 1st July, 1874.	1 bag Rice.
Bo "Sung," 25 June, 1874.	25 cases Rice.
3 Diamond, 45/46, 3 "	Merchandise
150/181, 2 "	"
" "	1 case
" "	20 cases Colour
Boats, 2 tons, 1 "	"
" "	Merchandise
" "	100 plates Tin

Hongkong, 27th July, 1874.

Lord Houghton was afraid that while theuez Canal redounded to the credit of M. de

to believe. He believed it had been frequently the market and that it was so, at present. The noble earl had declined to enter into the question of the normalisation of the capital in time of war, but that was a very serious question for us, and one which we would have to consider. The satisfactory settlement of the whole matter need not, in his opinion, be made a great international work. It was one which might be accomplished almost entirely by arrangement between this country and the Ottoman Empire.

FOOD IN LUNATIC ASYLUMS.
(Epileptic.)

In lunatic asylums it is a common form of illusion for the unfortunate inmates to believe

eat all their food is poisoned, both liquid and solid. But if at this moment any person, male or female, in Great Britain be held in duress upon this ground alone, we do not believe that

and a person of such high intelligence, and such a belief is a mark of high intelligence, and participating as it does, the revolutions made today in the Select Committee upon the administration of Food. We today contributed more fresh notes in the office of Dr. Caine, who spoke of the "efficiency" within his knowledge, who had not a single grain of the common sense article in it, being composed of burnt and a little old poison, and 30 per cent. of acid. This gentleman also gave an account, of the education of the people, based upon the "Lancet's" description of the old school, pestling a *potent* poison behind the children's backs. But the most curious part of his testimony was as to the deleterious effect of

new whiskey. Dr. Cameron stated that a great deal of whiskey was sold immediately after being made, and it then contained amylic

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limestone, oil of vitriol, or copperas in the mountain dew."

THE BOARD OF TRADE RETURNS.
The Board of Trade Returns for May show the anticipated decline in our exportations, their value being \$22,007,063 in May, 1873—a diminution of a little over 6 per cent. Compared with 1872, however, there is an augmentation of 74 per cent. in the value of our exports, and the quantity of goods exported has increased 116 per cent. The value of our exports in May, 1872, was \$12,596,153, against 1,241,649 tons, valued at 1,334,726, in the corresponding month last year, showing a decline of 104 per cent. in the value of our exports, and a decline of 100 per cent. and steel, the decrease in the quantity shipped was amounting to 66,412 tons, and in the value to \$418,857, being about 21 per cent. in both cases. The principal foreign countries to which our exports were sent in May, 1873, were Great Britain, 8 per cent.; France, 8 per cent.; and woolen and worsted manufactures 12 per cent; while iron manufactures have increased 39 per cent, and silk manufactures 10 per cent. The value of our exports of raw materials, and woolen and worsted manufactures, has increased 10 per cent., and silk manufactures 10 per cent. The value of our exports of raw materials, and woolen and worsted manufactures, has increased 10 per cent., and silk manufactures 10 per cent. The value of our exports of raw materials, and woolen and worsted manufactures, has increased 10 per cent., and silk manufactures 10 per cent.

re, &c, which has risen from 2138,110 to 41,098,892. Among the articles which show a diminution in their sales totals are—Alkali,

per cent; arms and ammunition, 305 per cent; earthenware, 244 per cent; hardware, 16 per cent; and silk yarn, 405 per cent.

A. regards the importations of the month, as the total colored value is \$28,580,396, as against \$24,985,907 in 1873—a fall of nearly 17 per cent; while compared with 1872 there is an augmentation of 1 per cent. This large decline nearly equally spread over all articles of consumption, raw cotton and wool. Olfaction, the articles have been 1104,513, with value

3,975,521, as against 1,557,370 of value
3,053,360 in May, 1873, of wheat, 2,282,145
wt., valued at £1,593,295, against 2,003,904

The total value of our exportations for the first half of the year, up to the first of May, has been 1,083,569,001, against 1,101,336,374 in the corresponding period in 1873, a reduction of nearly 2 per cent.

The quantity of coal shipped for steamers in the month of May was 253,993 tons, against 239,221 tons in May 1873, an increase

6. per ann. — Times.

THE SUEZ CANAL.
(*The Times Egypt Correspondent.*)
The recent difficulty with the Suez Canal has caused a revival of the rumours which are spread about every year that foreign Governments are despatching armies for the purpose of the interests of the company. Sometimes the project is attributed to private individuals, and it is a great English Peer and a capitalist, who is said to have visited Egypt in the autumn of 1875, and is now affirmed to be in Alexandria, that it has

have come to buy the Sac. Canal." A brochure in French, without a printer's or publisher's name, entitled "La Solution de La Question du

and de Suez has attracted much attention. It contains an elaboration of the idea put forward in a pamphlet published by King and Co. last year, *Redemption of the Suez Canal*. Tolle the author proposes that the different Governments of the world raise £23,000,000, with which the Egyptian Government is to repay the canal so as to reduce in five years the debt to 4 per cent. He argues that if a company base their revenues on high rates of interest, they will be forced to pay dividends that will be too high to be paid.

will be 26 years before they have a traffic of 300,000 lbs at the present rate of increase. In the 27 years the receipts will be 28,000,000£.

tion which must be deducted 12,000,000 for interest and the "amortissement" of loans, leaving a surplus of 12,000,000, or an interest of 5 per cent on the capital. But there is no reason that such a result will be obtained. It is evident that if the shareholders were to take 5 per cent on their capital from the present moment, it would be most advantageous to them, making the capital loans, i. e., to be 320,000,000, taking the receipts at 100 francs on all vessels,

...to be 18,000,000*l.* at present, from which 10,000,000*l.* must be deducted for the maintenance of the fleet. The interest on the loans

2%, and 5 per cent. to the shareholders may be taken at an average of 8 per cent. on the capital, and the annual receipts of the canal of \$5,000,000, capitalized on this base of 8 per cent. would represent 185,000,000. That amount must be borne by navigation, but the cost of 13¢ a ton would only be needed the first year, for as the traffic increases, a part of the revenue can be applied to the reduction of the capital. Now supposing that for the

At 20 years the tonnage increases on an average of 71,000 tons, it would be \$200,000 less, and the tax could be reduced to it. There it remains out of the \$200,000,000 about

\$3,000,000, which amount is not by the charges shipping, but of this amount \$3 millions belong to the factory, who will not draw interest on his share for 25 years, so that it will be only at the end of this period it would be necessary to repay him. There would be thus left 17,000,000 to provide for to make up the cash not provided by the dues, to which must be added \$500,000, for the enlargement of a canal, in committee persons, etc., making in

and numbers, the £8,000,000 already men-
tioned. A convention should be made like those
of the publishers of the Sound, State, and
Solid, and to determine its annual edition.

Gunns for Commons—Estimating every-

ing at its real value, keeping everything to proper use, putting everything into its proper place, doing everything at its proper time.

and pursue, comprised all or nearly all of the people who were comfortable, order, and content in their hearts and homes.

BERLIN, Jan 8

in weight. 2 cents
For a packet above 1 ounce not ex-
ceeding 2 ounces. 4 ..
For a packet above 2 ounces not ex-
ceeding 4 ounces. 8 ..
Eight cents for every additional four ounces.
These rates apply to Printed Circulars, Price
Lists, Market Reports, and all printed papers
not than Newspapers, as well as to Books
and Trade Patterns or Samples.

S. W. MITCHELL.
Postmaster General.


General Post Office,
Hombourg, 12th April 1879.

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This image shows a high-contrast, black and white scan of a textured surface, likely a book cover or endpaper. The majority of the frame is filled with a dense, grainy pattern of black and white pixels. On the right side, there is a vertical strip of lighter, more uniform material, possibly representing the spine or a hinge of the book. A few small, dark, irregular shapes are scattered across the textured area, which could be dust or imperfections in the original material.



This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and small dark spots, possibly due to age or handling. A vertical crease is visible near the right edge, suggesting it was once folded. The page is set against a dark background.

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